

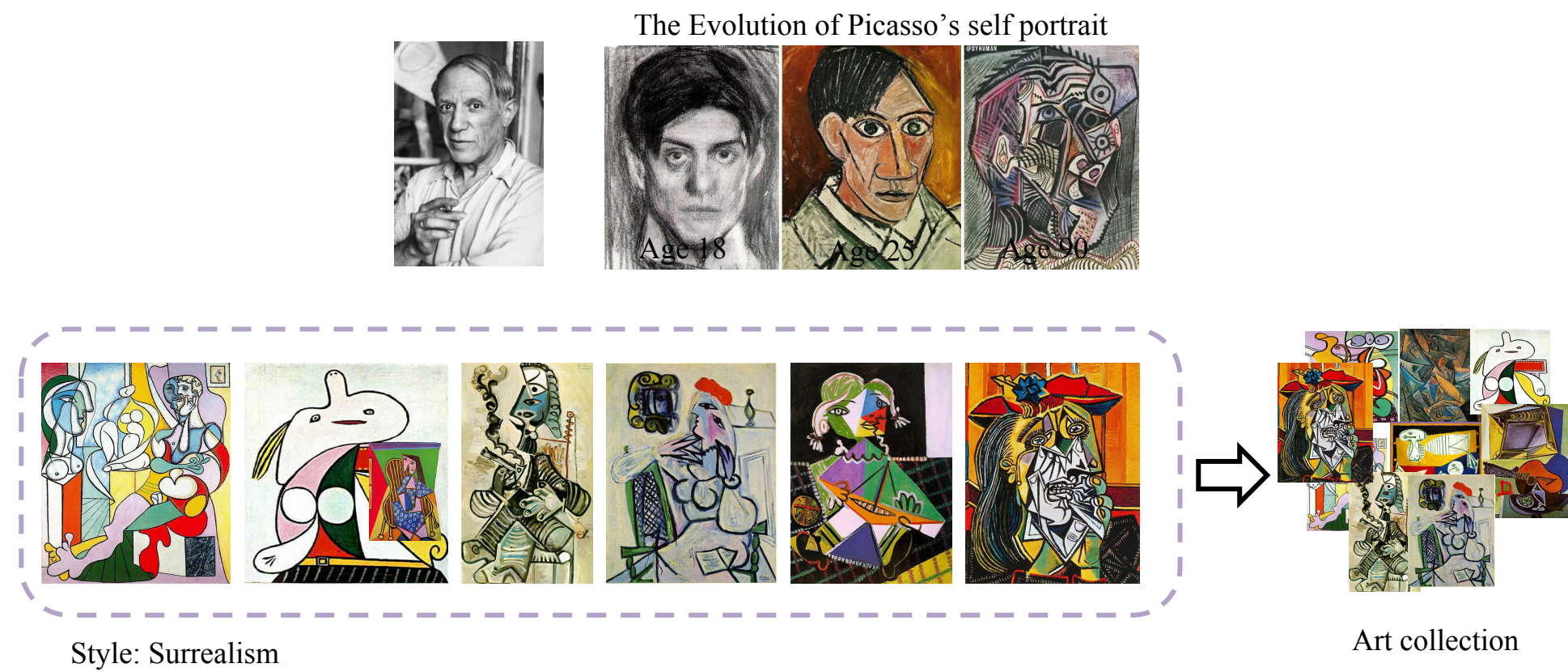
# DRB-GAN: A Dynamic ResBlock Generative Adversarial Network for Artistic Style Transfer

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## Introduction

Artistic style transfer

- Synthesize an image sharing structure similarity of the content image and reflecting the artistic style.



- Style is not only in one individual style image but also a reflection of an art collection.
- Arbitrary style transfer cannot benefit from other style images sharing similar style.
- Collection style transfer only recognize and transfer the domain dominant style clues and thus lack the flexibility of exploring style manifold.

## Contribution

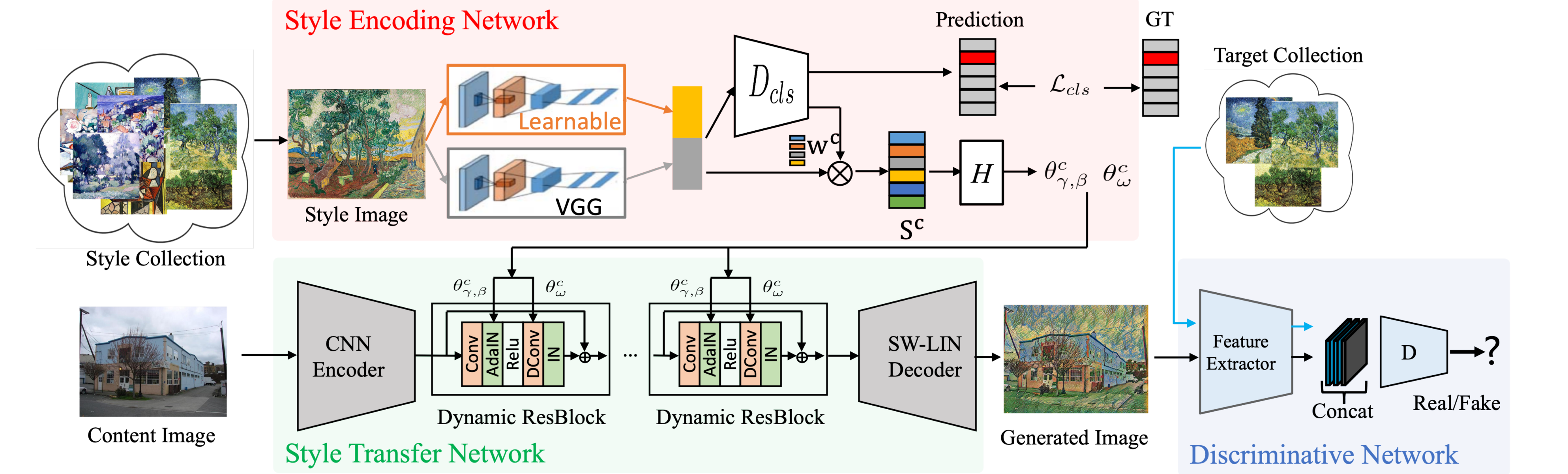
- A unified Model that handle arbitrary style transfer and collection style transfer.
- “style codes” is modeled as the dynamic parameters within Dynamic ResBlocks.
- Style consistency & Content structural similarity.

## Datasets & Metrics

- Dataset: Place365 dataset and Wikiart dataset.
- Metrics: Deception score, Human study and Memory consumption.
- Project: <https://github.com/xuwenju123/DRB-GAN>.



## DRB-GAN



- Style encoding network**
  - Learnable CNN & Pretrained VGG
  - Style recalibration
- “style code” in dynamic ResBlocks:
 
$$\{\theta_{\omega}^c, \theta_{\gamma, \beta}^c\} = \{H_{\omega}(s^c), H_{\gamma, \beta}(s^c)\}$$
- “collection style code” as a weighted mean of the “style codes”:
 
$$\{\bar{\theta}_{\omega}^c, \bar{\theta}_{\gamma, \beta}^c\} = \left\{ \frac{1}{K} \sum_{k=0}^K \pi_k \theta_{\omega_k}^c, \frac{1}{K} \sum_{k=0}^K \pi_k \theta_{\gamma_k, \beta_k}^c \mid c \sim N \right\}$$
- Style transfer network**
  - Dynamic ResBlock
  - SW-LIN Decoder
$$SW-LIN(\gamma, \beta, \rho) = \gamma(\rho\phi_{sw}^c + (1-\rho)\phi_{sw}^l) + \beta$$

$$\phi_{sw} = \frac{\mathbf{h} - E_{x_i \in sw}[\mathbf{h}(x_i)]}{\sqrt{Var_{x_i \in sw}[\mathbf{h}(x_i)]}}$$
  - Preserve local feature.
  - Remove artifacts.
- Discriminative network**
  - Discriminate on image and target style collection
$$\mathcal{L}_{adv} = E_{y^c, y_i^c \sim Y, c \sim N} [-\log D(y^c, \{y_i^c\}_{i=0}^M)] + E_{\tilde{x}^c \sim G(x), y_j^c \sim Y, c \sim N} [-\log(1 - D(\tilde{x}^c, \{y_j^c\}_{j=0}^M))]$$
  - Better style consistency

## Comparison Experiments with State-of-the-art Approaches

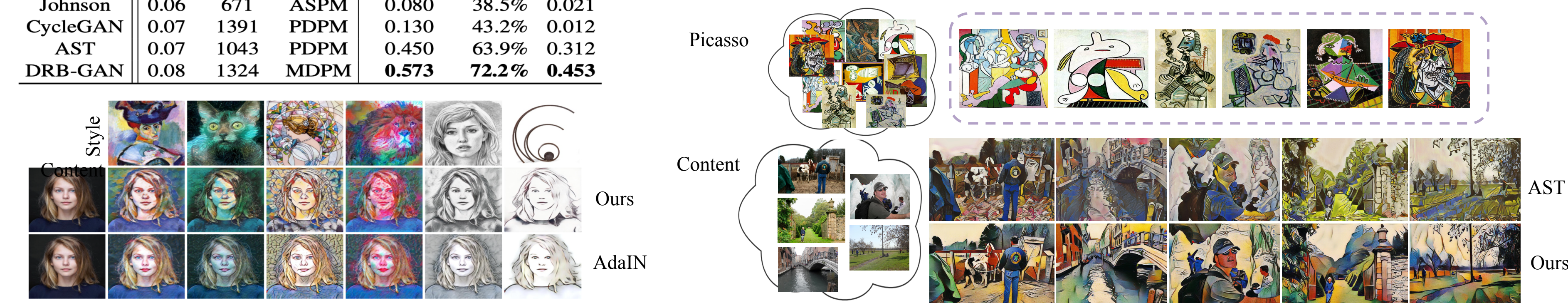
- Arbitrary Style Transfer

Method	GPU			Human studies		
	Time (sec)	memory (MiB)	Model	Deception rate	Content score	Style score
Wikiart test				0.626	-	-
Gatys <i>et al.</i>	200	3887	PSPM	0.251	67.1%	0.127
AdaIN	0.16	8872	ASPM	0.061	43.6%	0.019
WCT	5.22	10720	ASPM	0.023	39.2%	0.013
PatchBased	8.70	4159	ASPM	0.063	53.4%	0.043
Johnson	0.06	671	ASPM	0.080	38.5%	0.021
CycleGAN	0.07	1391	PDPM	0.130	43.2%	0.012
AST	0.07	1043	PDPM	0.450	63.9%	0.312
DRB-GAN	0.08	1324	MDPM	<b>0.573</b>	<b>72.2%</b>	<b>0.453</b>

- Collection Style Transfer

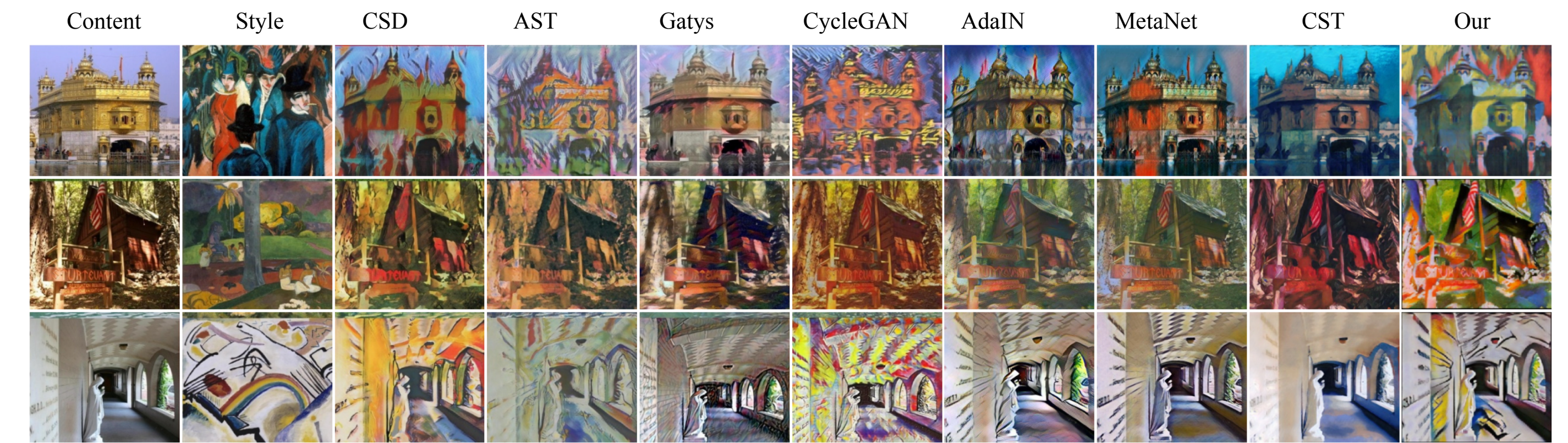
Table 2. Quantitative comparison of different methods. SD stands for style distance metric; DS represents deception score.

Setting	Arbitrary Style (SD <sub>L</sub> )	Collection style (DS <sub>T</sub> )			
		K=2	5	10	20
AdaIN	263.4	0.066	0.045	0.013	0.011
MetaNet	271.8	0.032	0.026	0.023	0.020
DRB-GAN	<b>241.2</b>	<b>0.576</b>	<b>0.580</b>	<b>0.581</b>	<b>0.583</b>



## Visualization and Robustness Analysis

- Visualization Comparison with State-of-the-art Approaches



- Visualization on Ablation Study



- Robustness Analysis

