

Incorporating Test-Time Optimization into Training with Dual Networks for Human Mesh Recovery

Yongwei Nie¹, Mingxian Fan¹, Chengjiang Long², Qing Zhang³, Jian Zhu⁴, Xuemiao Xu^{1*}

¹ South China University of Technology, ² Meta Reality Lab, ³ Sun Yat-sen University, ⁴ Guangdong University of Technology

Introduction

Motivation

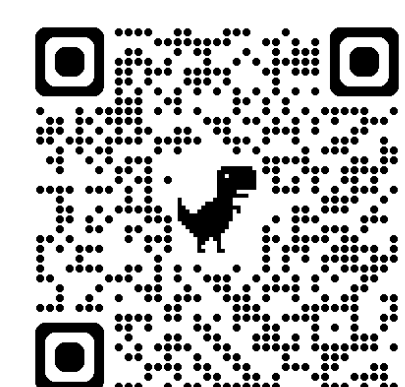
Q1 There is a **gap** between the training and testing optimizations objectives.

Q2 Pretrained model is **not specially tailored** for the test-time optimization.

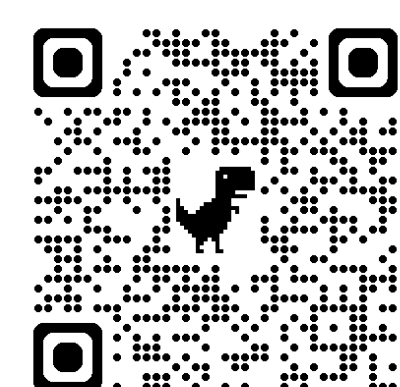
Contribution

- We propose a novel **dual-network** HMR framework with **test-time optimization** involved into the **training procedure**, which improves the effectiveness of the test-time optimizations.
- We ensure **the test-time objectives identical to the training objectives**, further facilitating the **joint-training** of the test-time and training-time optimizations.
- Extensive experiments validate that our results outperform those of previous approaches both quantitatively and qualitatively.

More Information



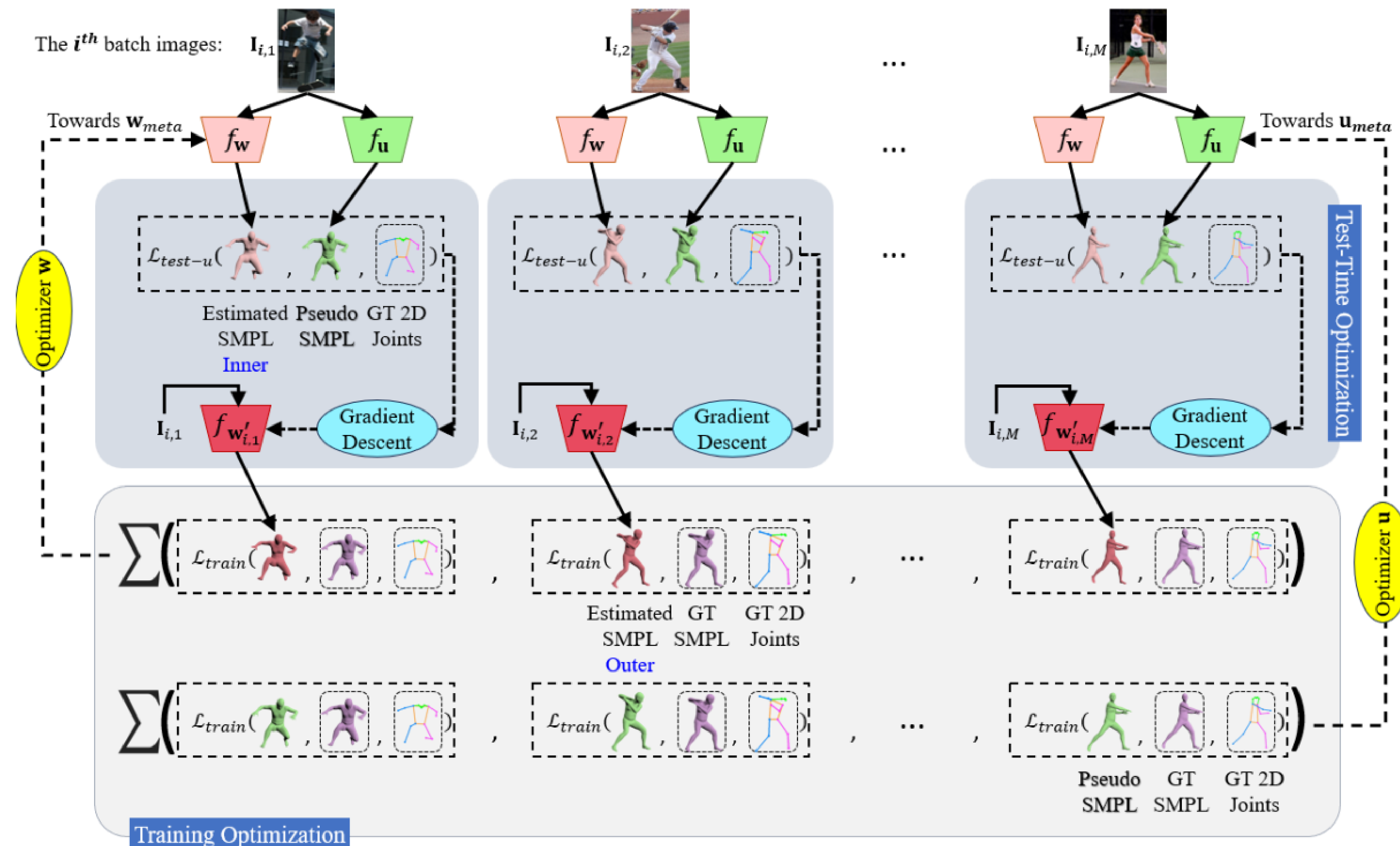
Github



Paper

Method

Overall Pipeline



Step1 Auxiliary network f_u produces **pseudo labels** and **unifies** the training and test-time optimization objectives:

$$\hat{\theta}_{i,j}^u = f_u(I_{i,j}) \quad w'_{i,j} = w - \alpha \nabla_w \mathcal{L}_{test-u}(f_w(I_{i,j}), \hat{\theta}_{i,j}^u, \hat{J}_{i,j})$$

Step2 Inspired by **optimization-based meta-learning**, we perform a step of **test-time optimization** **before** conducting **training optimization**. This results in a **meta-model**, whose meta-parameters are **friendly** to test-time optimization.

$$w_{meta}, u_{meta} = \arg \min_{w, u} \sum_{i=1}^B \sum_{j=1}^M (\mathcal{L}_{train}^1(f_w'_{i,j}(I_{i,j}), \hat{\theta}_{i,j}, \hat{J}_{i,j}) + \mathcal{L}_{train}^2(f_u(I_{i,j}), \hat{\theta}_{i,j}, \hat{J}_{i,j}))$$

Step3 Armed with **meta-learning** and **dual networks**, we perform **several test-time optimization steps** starting from the meta-parameters, ultimately achieving **higher HMR accuracy** compared to starting from a **standard pretrained regression model**.

Experiments

Quantitative Comparison

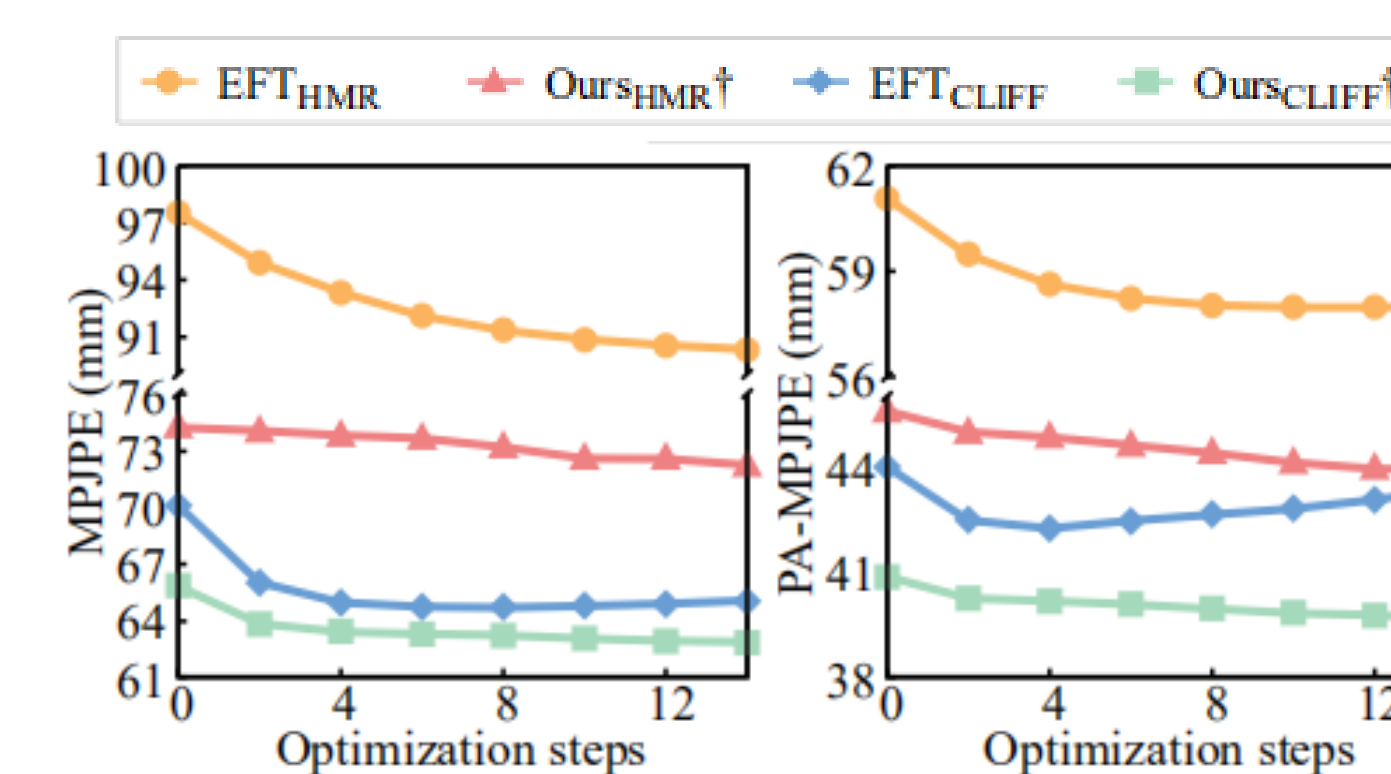
Method	3DPW			Human3.6M	
	MPJPE↓	PA-MPJPE↓	PVE↓	MPJPE↓	PA-MPJPE↓
CLIFF [31]'22	69.0	43.0	81.2	47.1	32.7
LearnSample [58]'22	70.5	43.3	82.7	45.9	33.5
ProPose [11]'23	68.3	40.6	79.4	45.7	29.1
POTTER [65]'23	75.0	44.8	87.4	56.5	35.1
DeFormer [59]'23	72.9	44.3	82.6	44.8	31.6
EFT [20]'21	85.1	52.2	98.7	63.2	43.8
NIKI [29]'23	71.3	40.6	86.6	-	-
ReFit [55]'23	65.8	41.0	-	48.4	32.2
PLIKS [47]'23	66.9	42.8	82.6	49.3	34.7
Ours ^{CLIFF} † (OpenPose 2D)	62.9	39.7	80.1	43.9	30.3
Ours ^{CLIFF} * (RSN 2D)	62.4	39.5	78.1	42.0	29.1

Qualitative Comparison

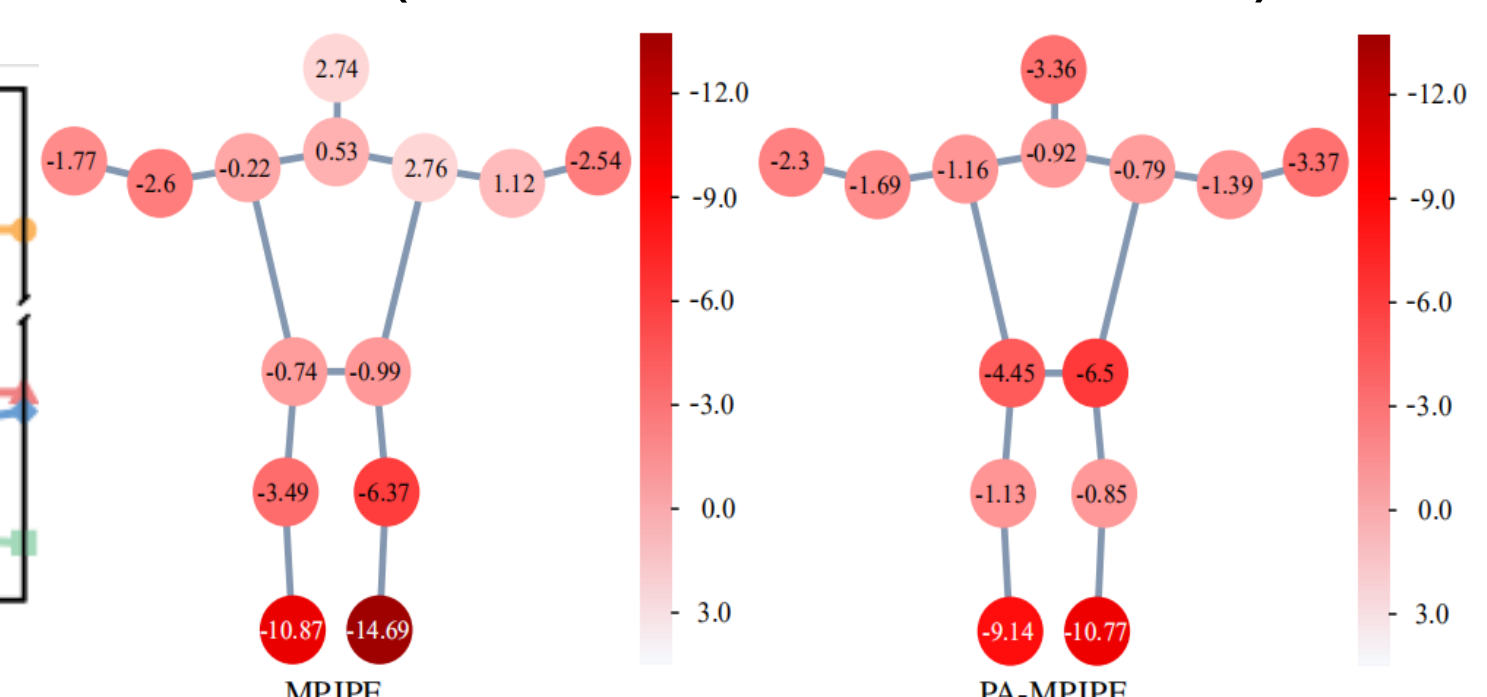


Discussion

Influence of optimization steps



Per-joint error analysis compared to EFT (the darker, the better).



Acknowledgements

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